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US Patent Appln No. 10/599,735

Attorney Docket No. 4749-012

MARKED UP SPECIFICATION SHOWING CHANGES

DESCRIPTION

CONNECTOR

RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present application is based on, and claims priorities from International Application No. PCT/JP2005/012089, filed June 30, 2005 and Japan Application Serial Number 2005-68443, filed March 21, 2005, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by references herein in its entirety.[[-]]

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a connector for connecting an object to be connected such as a flexible print circuit board (FPC), flexible flat cable (FFC), etc., for example, to a circuit board.

BACKGROUND ART

As this type of connector, such a connector is known that is provided with A prior art connector for connecting an object, such as a flexible printed circuit board or a flexible cable to a circuit board includes a connector body [[to]]into which one end of [[an]]the object to be connected can be inserted at a predetermined position, a plurality of.

Plural terminals in contact withon the object to be connected which was are inserted into the connector body, and. The connector also includes a pressing member for pressing the object to be connected which

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[[was]] is inserted into the connector body on each of the terminals side and in which. The pressing member desirably prevents (1) disengagement of the object to be connected from the connector body or (2) occurrence of contact failure due to displacement is prevented between the connector body and the object by holding the object to be connected with the pressing member.

However, with this connector, as shown in Figures 8 and 9, even when an object B to be connected [[B]] is not fully inserted into a connector body 1, [[a]] pressing member 3 can be inserted into the connector body 1 in some cases. In this case, since a contact area between the pressing member 3 and the object B to be connected [[B]] and inserted into the connector body 1 becomes small, a pressing force of the pressing member 3 against the object B to be connected [[B]] is insufficient, and the object B to be connected [[B]] is insufficient, and the object B to be connected [[B]] might disengage become disengaged from the connector body 1 or displacement between the object to be connected B and an elastic piece portion 2a of each of the terminals 2 might result in contact failure.

Then, such a connector is known in which an elastic support piece is provided on both ends in the terminal arranging direction of the connector body, and notch portions provided on both side ends of the object to be connected are fitted with the elastic support pieces and locked when the object to be connected is inserted into the connector body, so that movement of the object to be connected in the direction opposite to insertion is regulated (See [[the]]Patent Document 1, for example).

However, when the pressing member is inserted into the connector

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body in the state where the object to be connected is not fully inserted into the connected body, by pressing of the pressing member on the object to be connected, the elastic support piece is elastically deformed toward the terminal side together with the object to be connected. By this As a result, the pressing member becomes capable of being can be inserted into the connector body even in the state where if the object to be connected is not fully inserted into the connector body. Therefore, since the object to be connected is connected in the state where the pressing force of the pressing member against the object to be connected is not sufficient as mentioned above, disengagement of the object to be connected from the connector body or contact failure caused by displacement can not be prevented.

[Patent Document 1]: Japanese Patent Publication 2003-100370

The present invention was made in view of the above problems and has an object to provide a connector which prevents a pressing member from being inserted into a connector body when an object to be connected is not fully inserted into the connector body.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is so constituted that, in a connector provided with a connector body to which one end of an object to be connected can be inserted at a predetermined position, a plurality of terminals in contact with the object to be connected inserted into the connector body and a pressing member for pressing the object to be connected to each of the terminals side, in which a lock portion is projected on both ends in the terminal arranging direction of the connector body

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and when the object to be connected is inserted into the connector body, notch portions provided on both side ends of the object to be connected are fitted with the lock portion and locked in the direction opposite to insertion, the lock portion is formed by a non-elastic member and insertion of the pressing member into the connector body is allowed in the state where the notch portions of the object to be connected which has been inserted into the connector body are fitted with the lock portion.

By this, when The foregoing structure is arranged so that when the object to be connected is fully inserted into the connector body, that is, when the notch portion of the object to be connected is fitted withengages the lock portion, the pressing member becomes capable of being can be inserted into the connector body. Also, when the object to be connected is not fully inserted into the connector body, that is, when the notch portion of the object to be connected is not fitted engaged with the lock portion[[and]], but the object to be connected nevertheless goes onto the lock portion, the lock portion is not deformed toward the terminal side even if the pressing member is to be inserted and the pressing member can not be inserted into the connector body, since the lock portion is formed by a non-elastic member.

The above object and other objects, characteristics and advantages of the present invention will be made clear by the description below and attached drawings.

According to the present invention, when the object to be connected is not fully inserted into the connector body, the pressing member is not cannot be fully inserted into the connector body. Thus, the object

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to be connected is not connected to a circuit board in the state where the object to be connected is not fully inserted. Therefore, disengagement of the object to be connected from the connector body or contact failure caused by displacement between the object to be connected and each of the terminals can be surely prevented.

BRIEFLY DESCRIBEBRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a connector according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a front view of a connector;

Figure 3 is a plan view of a connector;

Figure 4 is a plan view of a flexible cable;

Figure 5 is a side sectional view showing operation of a connector;

Figure 6 is a side sectional view showing operation of a connector;

Figure 7 is a side sectional view showing operation of a connector;

Figure 8 is a side sectional view showing operation of a conventional connector; and

Figure 9 is a side sectional view showing operation of a conventional connector.

DESCRIPTION OF SYMBOLS

10 ... Connector body, 15 ... Lock portion, 20 ... Terminal, 30 ...

Pressing member, A ... Flexible cable, A2 ... Notch portion

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

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Figures 1 to 7 show a preferred embodiment of the present invention, in which Figure 1 is a perspective view of a connector, Figure 2 is a front view of a connector, Figure 3 is a plan view of a connector, Figure 4 is a plan view of a flexible cable, and Figures 5 to 7 are side sectional views showing operation of a connector.

This connector is constituted by aincludes connector body 10 [[to]] into which one end of an object in the form of a flexible cable A as an object to be connected can be inserted, a plurality of. Body 10 carries plural terminals 20 that are arranged to be in electric contact with electrically conducting contacts A1 of the flexible cable A when the cable is inserted into the connector body 10, and a. The connector also includes pressing member 30 for pressing the flexible cable A [[to]] against each of [[the]] terminals 20[[side]].

The flexible cable A is [[what]] is preferably a so-called[[as]] flexible flat cable (FFC), in which having a plurality of conductive portions Al are provided. Portions Al are on both [[an]] the upper and [[a]] lower surfaces at its tip end Al with an interval to each other in the width direction. Also, at the both each side [[ends]] wall of [[the]] flexible cable A are provided a pair of right and left has a notch portions portion A2 (Figs. 4-7) that is set back slightly from the tip end of the cable. The object to be connected may be a flexible print circuit (FPC) or the like.

The connector body 10 is made of a molded product made of a non-elastic material (synthetic resin, for example) and [[the]] has a front end eide is formed in the opened with an open box configuration. That is, [[the]] connector body 10 is constituted by has an upper face

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portion 11, a back face portion 12 (Fig. 3), side face portions 13 and a bottom face portion 14, and the flexible. Flexible cable A is inserted into connector body 10 through [[its]]the front face opening of body 10. On the backBack face portion 12, a plurality of includes plural terminal holes 12a are provided with anspaced from each other by equal interval intervals in the width direction, and each. One of [[the]] terminals 20 is respectively held in place in each of [[the]]terminal holes 12a. On each Each of [[the]] side face portions 13[[,]] has an elongated hole 13a extending in the fore-and-aft direction, respectively, is provided so that the pressing directions. Pressing member 30 is engaged withengages each of the elongated holes 13a-and the pressing. Pressing member 30 is looked by locks a front end portion 13b of each of the elongated holes 13a. On both ends of each of the terminal holes 12a in the arranging direction, a pair of right and left lock portions 15, integrally formed with the connector body 10 are projected, project upward. Each of the notch, i.e., opening portions A2 of [[the]]flexible cable A is locked by each of [[the]]lock portions 15, to prevent movement of cable A in the direction opposite to the insertion direction of the flexible cable A. Also, each of [[the]]lock portions 15 is formed higher than the heightlocated above the upper surface of lower portion 22 of each of the terminals 20 protruding. Each of lock portions protrude in the contact direction in contact with [[the]]flexible cable A, that is, upward, and its. The front end is formed so that it makes of each of lock portions 15 has an ascending inclination toward the rear of the connector body 10.

Each of the terminals 20 is made of a conductive metal plate and

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is respectively held in place by each of the terminal holes 12a of the connector body 10. Each of the terminals 20 has a fixed [[piece]]upper portion 21 and an elastic [[piece]] lower portion 22 extending in [[the]] a bifurcated state forward with an interval to each other. The bottom surface of portion 21 is spaced from the upper surface of portion in the vertical direction, and. The rear end of each terminal 20 (i.e., the portion of each terminal opposite from the ends of the front of the terminal that receives the top of cable A) has a foot 23 that forms a board connection portion [[23]] to be connected to a printed circuit board (not shown) is provided at its rear end.

The pressing member 30 is made of a molded product made of a synthetic resin and is constituted by includes a manipulation portion 31 arranged outside the connector body 10, a pressing piece 32 arranged within the connector body 10 and a pair of right and left arm portions 33 adapted to be inserted into the connector body 10. The manipulation portion 31 extends in the width direction of the pressing member 30 and a gripping portion 31a is projected on its both (Fig. 3) projects outwardly from opposite ends of member 30. Also, the center lower face of manipulation portion 31 is provided with includes a recess portion 31b at the center on the lower face through which the flexible cable A can be inserted. The pressing piece 32 extends rearward-rearwardly from the center on the back face of the manipulation portion 31[[and]]. Pressing piece <u>32</u> is located below the fixed-piece, upper portion 21 of each of [[the]] terminals 20. Also, the thickness dimension of the pressing piece 32 is formed so that it becomes the thickness dimension thereof gradually omaller decreases toward the tip end with theso there is a maximum gap

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between each of [[the]]lock portions 15 and the fixed upper piece portion 21-as the maximum at the tip ends. Each of the arm portions 33 of pressing member 30 extends rearward-rearwardly from [[the]]both ends on the back face of [[the]]manipulation portion 31[[and]]. Each of arm portions 33 is inserted into each of the elongated holes 13a of the connector body 10, respectively, eapable of movement and can move in the fore-and-aft directiondirections. Also, The tip end of each of the arm portions 33 includes a lock piece 33a (Fig. 3) adapted to be locked by the front end portion 13b of the elongated hole 13a-is provided at the tip end of each of the arm portions 33 so that it. Lock piece 33a protrudes in the width direction, and the. The front face of the lock piece 33a, that is, the face locked by the front end portion 13b of each of the elongated holes 13a-is formed by, has an inclined surface 33b forming having a rearward rearwardly descending inclination. Also, at the center in the fore-and-aft direction of each of the arm portions 33 is provided an angular projection portion 33c projecting. Portion 33c projects from arm portion 33 in the width direction, and when the. When arm portion 33 is moved in the fore-and-aft direction, [[the]] projection portion 33c forcibly overrides the front end portion 13b of the elongated hole 13a [[by]]as a result of elastic deformation of the arm portion 33.

In the connector constituted—as <u>described</u> above, by soldering the board connection portion 23 of each of the terminals 20 to a board, each of the terminals 20 is connected to the board. Also, when the flexible cable A is to be connected to the connector, by withdrawing pushing the pressing member 30 forward (i.e., by starting to push the

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pressing member toward upper portion 21 as shown in Figure 5), [[the]] flexible cable A becomes capable of being can be inserted into the connector body 10. That is to this end, the thickness dimension of the pressing piece 32 of the pressing member 30 is formed so that it is gradually reduced decreases toward the tip end side with, where the gap between each of the lock portions 15 and the fixed piece portion 21 as the maximum, and when theis greatest. When pressing member 30 is moved forward, a gap between each of the lock portions 15 and the pressing piece 32 is widened, and the flexible cable A becomes capable of being can be inserted between each of the lock portions 15 and the pressing piece 32. Also, when the pressing member 30 is withdrawn-urged forward, the projection portion 33c of each of the arm portions 33 overrides the front end portion 13b of the elongated hole 13a and the lock piece 33a of the arm portion 33 is locked by the front end portion 13b of the elongated hole 13a, by which theso pressing member 30 is held at the withdrawn-forward position. At that time, the inclined surface 33b of the lock piece 33a (1) is brought into contact with the front end portion 13b of the elongated hole 13a, and the inclined surface 33b(2) tends to be perpendicular along the front end portion 13b of the elongated hole 13a by the holding force by theof projection portion 33c [[to]]against the front position of the pressing member 30. By this, as shown in Figure 5, the pressing member 30 is moved rotationally upward and its front end side is raised, by which to facilitate insertion of the flexible cable A-is facilitated.

Next, when the flexible cable A is inserted into the connector body 10, both ends in the width direction at the tip end of the flexible

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cable A are brought into contact with the front end of each of the lock. portions 15 and then. Then, cable A goes onto the upper face of each of the lock portion 15 while being guided by the inclined surface on the front end [[side]] of each of [[the]] lock portions 15. And as shown in Figure 6, when the flexible cable A is further inserted toward the rear of the connector body 10, each of the notch portions A2 of the flexible cable A and each of the lock portions 15 of the connector body 10 are fitted with each other and the flexible cable A is moved downward. Then, each of conductive portions Al of the flexible cable A comes into contact with the elastic portion 22 of each of the terminals 20, and each of the notch portions A2 of the flexible cable A is locked by each of the lock portions 15. By this, the Consequently, flexible cable A is fully inserted into the connector body 10. At this time, since no portion of the flexible cable A does not existis between the upper face of each of the lock portions 15 and the fixed [[piece]]upper lower terminal portion 21, when the pressing piece 32 of the pressing member 30 is inserted toward the rear of the connector body 10, the gap between the pressing piece 32 and the elastic [[piece]] lower portion 22 is gradually narrowed through the flexible cable A, and the flexible <u>cable</u> A is pressed onto the elastic piece portion 22 side by the pressing piece 32. And as shown in Figure 7, the pressing member 30 is inserted into the connector body 10 and the flexible cable A and the elastic piece portion 22 of each of the terminals 20 are brought into pressure contact with each other and electrically connected.

Also, in the state where the flexible cable A is not fully inserted, that is, the flexible cable A is not inserted to the position where

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each of the notch portions A2 of the flexible cable A is fitted with each of the lock portions 15 and the flexible cable A goes on to each of the lock portions 15, when the pressing member 30 is to be inserted toward the rear of the connector body 10 while being rotated downward, since the thickness dimension of the pressing piece 32 is larger than the gap between the flexible cable A which has gone on to the upper face of each of the lock portions 15 and the fixed piece portion 21 of each of the terminals 20, the pressing member 30 can not be inserted to the rear of the connector body 10. At that time, even if the flexible cable A is pressed downward by the pressing member 30, each of the lock portions 15 made of a non-elastic member is not deformed, and a gap through which the pressing member 30 is inserted can not be formed.

In this way, according to the connector of this preferred embodiment, since each of the lock portions 15 is made of a non-elastic member and the thickness dimension of the pressing piece 32 of the pressing member 30 is formed so that it [[is]] gradually narrowed narrows toward the tip end with the gap between each of the lock portions 15 and the fixed piece portion 21 as the maximum, when the flexible cable A is fully inserted into the connector body 10, that is, when each of the notch portions A2 of the flexible cable A is fitted with each of the lock portions 15, the pressing member 30 can be inserted into the connector body 10. When the flexible cable A is not fully inserted into the connector body 10, that is, when each of the notch portions A2 is not fitted with each of the lock portions 15 and the flexible cable A goes on to each of the lock portions 15, the pressing member 30 can not be inserted [[to]]into the rear of the connector body 10, and the flexible

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cable A is not connected in [[the]] an incomplete inserted state. Therefore, disengagement of the flexible cable A from the connector body 10 or contact failure caused by displacement between the flexible cable A and the elastic [[piece]] lower portion 22 of each of the terminals 20 ean beis surely prevented.

Moreover, since each of the lock portions 15 is formed integrally integral with the connector body 10, contact with the flexible cable A resulting in displacement of each of the lock portions 15 and non-fitting between the notch portion A2 of the flexible cable A and each of the lock portions 15 can be is prevented, and when the flexible cable A is fully inserted, each of the notch portions A2 of the flexible cable A can be surely fitted with each of the lock portions 15 and the flexible cable A can be pressed by the pressing member 30.

Moreover, since the front end of each of the lock portions 15 is formed so that it is upwardly inclined toward the rear of the connector body 10, when [[the]]both ends, in the width direction, of the tip end of the flexible cable A are brought into contact with the front end of each of the lock portions 15, the flexible cable A can be easily inserted to the rear of the connector body 10 by going enteonto the upper face of each of the lock portions 15 while being guided by the inclined surface of the front end of each of the lock portions 15. Therefore, advantageously, when the flexible cable A is inserted into the connector body 10, insertion is not prevented by contact between the tip end of the flexible cable A and the front end of each of the lock portions 15.

Moreover, since each of the lock portions 15 is formed so that

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it is higher thanabove the height upper face of lower portion 22 of each of the terminals 20 in the direction in contact with the flexible cable A, that is, protruding upward, when the flexible cable A is inserted into the connector body 10, [[each]]none of the conductive portions A1 of the flexible cable A is not brought into contact with [[each]]any of [[the]]terminals 20. Therefore, damage (such as streaks on each of the conductive portions A1 of the flexible cable A) due to contact with each of the terminals 20 can be surely prevented.

In the above preferred embodiment, an example in which each of the lock portions 15 is formed integrally with the connector body 10 is shown, but a lock portion made of a non-elastic member different from the connector body 10 may be provided on the connector body 10.